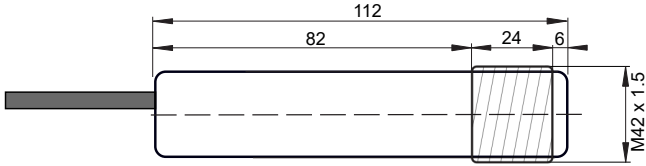
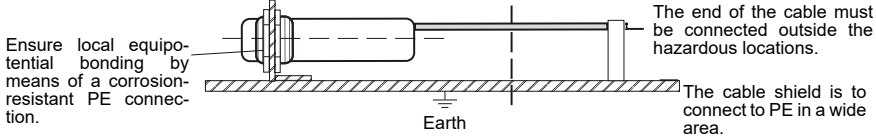




Dimensions	
Safe equipotential bonding for Ex devices	 <p>Ensure local equipotential bonding by means of a corrosion-resistant PE connection.</p> <p>The end of the cable must be connected outside the hazardous locations.</p> <p>The cable shield is to connect to PE in a wide area.</p>

### Operating Manual / EC-/EU-declaration of conformity

#### Intended Use

The distance sensor type LRN-301-DI4-OP-S296 is designed to measure distances within potentially explosive atmospheres. It must be installed and operated in accordance to this operating manual.

#### Installation prescriptions for Ex hazardous locations

It is necessary to take into consideration the valid international and national rules and regulations (EN 60079-14). The local potential equalization must be connected with the PA-connector using a reliable and noncorrosive connection. The PE/PA connector is permanently attached to the enclosure. The absolute maximum supply voltage  $U_m = 30\text{VDC}$  must not be exceeded. No external parts are allowed for focusing or reshaping of the emitted laser beam, except for original parts. The cable must be protected against damaging. The end of the cable must either be installed within a certificated Ex housing or must be installed outside of any Ex area.

Type LRN-301-DI4-OP-S296: Allowed to be installed and operated within Ex zones 2 and 22.

#### General Installation Prescriptions

Do not exceed the maximum ratings. The electrical connections must be exactly as shown in the connection diagram. The cable shield must be connected short. The cable shield must be connected to the protection earth, large-surfaced. Connection cables must not be installed parallel to high voltage cables. The cable shield is to connect at PE.

#### Function

The sensor uses the time of flight measurement principle. The travel time of an emitted pulse of light is measured, whereby the pulse travels from the sensor to the measured object and back. The relation between distance and travel time is given by the speed of light. This measurement principle requires the measured object to reflect a part of the incident radiation towards the source. The acquired measurement result is available at the analog current output and the RS 485 interface in parallel.

#### Analog current output

Output current 4mA to 20mA:	Valid measurement result
Output current 3.5mA:	No valid measurement could be achieved
Output current 20.5mA:	No object could be detected within range

#### Serial interface

The RS 485 serial interface presents the measurement results, in the range from 0.05m to 30m, in a digital format. The interface is configured to 9600, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity and no handshaking. Each result is presented as human readable ASCII string containing the measured distance in millimeters followed by carriage return and line feed characters (CR+LF).

#### START input

The measurement process is started by applying +24VDC at the START input. The device will stop to perform measurements if the START input is connected to 0V. For a longer lifetime of the laser, activate the sensor only when measurement is necessary.

#### Maintenance and durability

Urgent recommendation for longer lifetime of the laser: When no measurement is being made, disable the laser, by switching the START-Input to 0V. For housing temperatures higher than 35°C, please refer to the document "Data sheets supplements". The sensor is maintenance-free. The measurement window must be cleaned carefully if soiled. Never use aggressive cleaning agents. Equipment must only be repaired or serviced by the manufacturer. The laser flashes in continuous measuring mode.

#### Safety regulations for Laser devices class 2

Throughout the installation, the going into operation and the application, it is necessary to take into consideration the valid rule EN 60825-1. Do not stare into the beam!

#### General safety informations

The equipment is not used for the prevention of accidents. In worst case of disturbance, the output can show any state. The mounting, wiring, application and maintenance must be realized in accordance with the relevant rules and prescriptions. It is necessary to take into consideration the relevant international and national regulations.

#### General notes, disposal

We reserve the right to modify our equipment. Our equipment is designed such way, that it has the least possible adverse effect on the environment. It neither emit or contain any damaging or siliconized substances and use a minimum of energy and resources. No longer usable or irreparable units must be disposed of in accordance with the local waste disposal regulations.

#### EU-Declaration of Conformity

The product meets the requirements of the following standards and directives: EN/IEC 60079-0:2018, IEC/EN 60079-15:2010, IEC/EN 60079-28:2015, EN 60079-31:2014, EN 60529:2014, EN 60950-1:2006, EN 61000-4-2 to EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-6-1/-2, EN 61000-6-4, ATEX directive 2014/34/EU, Machine directive 2006/42/EC, EMC directive 2014/30/EU, RoHS directive 2011/65/EU

#### ATEX/IECEx-Designation:

Gas: II 3G Ex nA op is IIB T4 Gc  
Dust: II 3D Ex tc op is IIIA T135°C Dc

ATEX declaration by manufacturer according to 2014/34/EU

ATEX certification of quality management system, type production of Ex devices, in accordance to the directive 2014/34/EU:

Certification No.: SEV 21 ATEX 4580, QAR No.: CH/SEV/QAR21.0009/01, CB: Eurofins Electric & Electronic Product Testing AG, Luppmenstrasse 3, CH-8320 Fehraltorf CE 1258 Ident. Number: Eurofins Electric & Electronic Product Testing AG, Luppmenstrasse 3, CH-8320 Fehraltorf CE 1258

Pablo Ledergerber, Matrix Elektronik AG, is authorized to generation of documentation.

The conformity of the devices with all used standards and directives and the EC-type examination certificate and the observation of the Quality Management System ISO 9001:2015, declares:

Ehrendingen, 16.8.2023

Pablo Ledergerber, Matrix Elektronik AG